Central Trust Company

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2021 Q1 INVESTMENT ROUNDTABLE DISCUSSION

With



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- Post-Election Happenings
- COVID-19 & Its Impact on the Economy
- Stock Market: Broad, Sector, Region
- Gold
- · Oil
- Cryptocurrency
- Interest Rates
- How the Average Citizen is Holding Up
- Jobs Report
- Central Trust Company Who We Are and How We Can Help



THE CENTRAL **DIFFERENCE** | POST-ELECTION HAPPENINGS

- Second round of Payroll Protection Program loans initially set forth by a \$900B relief act the initial funding was \$520B helping more than 5,400 businesses*
- The House of Representatives approved President Biden's \$1.9T stimulus package, the "American Rescue Plan", designed to help vaccine programs, unemployment insurance, \$1,400 stimulus checks, state and local governments, school re-openings and more** – this on top of the \$2.2T CARES Act passed last March
- Additional \$2-3T infrastructure bill in the discussion phase, which on top of the additional financial measures that the government has taken since COVID's arrival, could put us between \$5-8T to our balance sheet, which could overheat the economy, cause inflation and push interest rates higher
 - Since COVID, the deficit has grown \$3T and the Fed has purchased \$3.2T in treasuries and mortgage backed securities bonds causing the yield curve to steepen
- Focus on new climate rules, rejoining the Paris Agreement, and going green
- Getting 100 million vaccines out to Americans in Biden's first 100 days

*www.forbes.com

**www.washingtonpost.com



THE CENTRAL **DIFFERENCE** | COVID-19 VIRUS DATA AS OF *MARCH* 1



Consumer reactions to the Pandemic and discretionary spending is tough to anticipate and many large companies are being "safe" with their earnings predictions accordingly. A little over 15% of the US has had at least one dose of the vaccine, 7.5% are fully vaccinated but some sources indicate that almost 50% of the US population are still on the fence about getting vaccinated *at all* when science suggests that we need 70% to achieve herd immunity.

*Zacks Investment Management *www.beckerhospitalreview.com



THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | COVID-19 VIRUS DATA AS OF FEBRUARY 28



Source: Johns Hopkins CSSE, The World Bank, Worldometers, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Cases include both laboratory confirmed and "presumptive positive" cases.

Guide to the Markets - U.S. Data are as of February 28, 2021.

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THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | VIRUS IMPACT - ECONOMIC ACTIVITY



Source: App Annie, Chase, Mortgage Bankers Association (MBA), OpenTable, STR, Transportation Security Administration (TSA), J.P. Morgan Asset Management. *Consumer debit/credit transactions, U.S. seated diners, and TSA traveler traffic are 7-day moving averages. App Annie data is compared to 2019 average and includes over 600 travel and navigation apps globally, including Google Maps, Uber, Airbnb and Booking.com. Consumer spending: This report uses rigorous security protocols for selected data sourced from Chase credit and debit card transactions to ensure all information is kept confidential and secure. All selected data is highly aggregated and all unique identifiable information—including names, account numbers, addresses, dates of birth, and Social Security Numbers—is removed from the data before the report's author receives it. *Guide to the Markets* – U.S. Data are as of February 28, 2021.

J.P.Morgan Asset Management



THE CENTRAL **DIFFERENCE** | MARKET UPDATE YTD

- Global growth is rebounding from the COVID shock. For 2020, U.S. GDP declined 3.5% with consensus estimates for a rebound of 4.1% in 2021 with upside potential of 7% growth. Global growth declined 4.4% in 2020 and estimated to rise 5.2% in 2021.
- Tax reform and deregulation drove corporate earnings growth during 2017-2019. S&P 500 earnings were \$163 (+2%) in 2019 and \$140 in 2020. Consensus estimates have been increasing with analysts expecting \$174 (+24%) in earnings and revenue growth of 9.3% in 2021 (FactSet).
- A new economic cycle began in the third quarter of 2020 after the longest U.S. expansion in postwar history (11 years) ended due to the COVID pandemic.
- Valuations are at 11-year highs. Warren Buffett's favorite valuation measure, the stock market capitalization to GDP ratio, is at historic highs as is Professor Shiller's CAPE ratio.
- The trailing 12-month operating price-earnings ratio is 27.1 times operating earnings compared to the 50-year average of 14.2 times earnings.
- The forward operating PE ratio is 21.8 times earnings exceeding the 5-year historical average of 17.7 times earnings and the 25-year average of 16.6 times earnings.



THE CENTRAL **DIFFERENCE** | MARKET UPDATE YTD (cont.)

- Equity markets started the year with gains as U.S. equities hit another record high before easing at month end as interest rates rose. The MSCI All Country World Index (ACWI) gained 2.5% and S&P 500 rose 1.7%. Small caps and emerging markets were the clear leaders gaining 11.6% and 3.9%, respectively.
- In terms of investing styles, growth outperformed value by a wide margin in 2020. For the first eight months of 2020, U.S., large-cap and growth stocks outperformed International, small-cap and value stocks. Since last September, the latter group has outperformed.
- In fixed income, the yield on the 10-Yr, U.S. Treasury spiked from a low of 0.32% last year to 1.41%. Year-to-date, global bonds fell 2.9% and the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index declined 2.2%. The credit sector had positive returns with floating rate loans and high yield returns gaining 1.8% and 0.7%, respectively.
- Gold declined by 8.8% as interest rates rose and bitcoin demand rose. WTI oil prices have been strong rebounding to \$62 per barrel. Commodities gained 9.3% as prices are rising due to the economic restart.
- Alternatives have benefitted from higher interest rates and volatility



THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | DID I BLINK & MISS SOMETHING LAST YEAR?



Source: Compustat, FactSet, Federal Reserve, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Dividend yield is calculated as consensus estimates of dividends for the next 12 months, divided by most recent price, as provided by Compustat. Forward price-to-earnings ratio is a bottom-up calculation based on the most recent S&P 500 Index price, divided by consensus estimates for earnings in the next 12 months (NTM), and is provided by FactSet Market Aggregates. Returns are cumulative and based on S&P 500 Index price movement only, and do not include the reinvestment of dividends. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of February 28, 2021.

J.P.Morgan Asset Management



THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | CASE FOR INVESTING INTERNATIONALLY?

MSCI All Country World ex-U.S. and S&P 500 Indices



Source: FactSet, MSCI, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

Forward price-to-earnings ratio is a bottom-up calculation based on the most recent index price, divided by consensus estimates for earnings in the next 12 months (NTM), and is provided by FactSet Market Aggregates. Returns are cumulative and based on price movement only, and do not include the reinvestment of dividends. Dividend yield is calculated as consensus estimates of dividends for the next 12 months, divided by most recent price, as provided by FactSet Market Aggregates. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of February 28, 2021.





THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | TOP 6 S&P COMPANY'S IMPACT



Source: Bloomberg, MSCI, IBES/DataStream, NBER; Minack Advisors

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THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | US SPAC MANIA

US SPAC IPO Issuance in \$Billions

(Sources: WSJ, Dealogic, SPAC Research)



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THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | S&P 500'S 11 ECONOMIC SECTORS

Sector Overview	Sector Heatmap	Sector Charting	
Select Timeframe 1D	5D 1M 3M	6M YTD 1Y	COMPANIES IN SECTOR
S&P 500 Index	+22.2	9%	FB, GOOGL, CHTR
Communication Service	es XLC +35.8	3%	AMZN, HD, MCD
Consumer Discretionar	y XLY +32.64	4%	PG, PEP, KO
Consumer Staples XLF	+2.64	4%	CVX, XOM, COP
Energy XLE	+0.5	8%	BRK.B, JPM, BAC
Financials XLF	+13.1	7%	JNJ, UNH, MRK
Health Care XLV	+15.9	5%	UNP, HON, UPS
Industrials XLI	+17.2	0%	LIN, APD, SHW
Materials XLB	+31.5	3%	
Real Estate XLRE		-6.60%	AMT, PLD, EQIX
Technology XLK	+40.9	8%	AAPL, MSFT, V
Utilities XLU		-13.36%	NEE, D, DUK

1 Mar, 2021 https://www.sectorspdr.com/sectorspdr/tools/sector-tracker

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THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | RETURNS BY SIZE & STYLE, THROUGH FEB '21

	Period Endi	ing 2/20	5/2021										
Ľ													
		1	Last Mont			La	ast 3 Mont						
-		Value	Core	Growth		Value	Core	Growth		1			
E VALUE	Large	5.1%	1.9%	-0.4%	Large	7.3%	5.0%	3.3%			ts 3 <u>best</u> pe sses in tim	-	LARGE GROWTH
JNJ, JPM	Mid	7.8%	5.6%	1.7%	Mid	12.5%	10.2%	6.2%		performi	esents 3 <u>m</u> ing asset cl time period	lasses in	APPL, MSFT, AMZ
ALUE	Small	9.4%	6.2%	3.3%	Small	24.3%	21.2%	18.4%		Repr performi	resents 3 <u>w</u> ing asset cl time period	vorst lasses in	
ALUL		1.Vec	ur Annual I	Datuan		2.Vear	Annualize	d Batuen			Annualize		MID GROWTH
F, HPQ													KLAC, DOCU, MR
.,		Value	Core	Growth		Value	Core	Growth		Value	Core	Growth	
	Large	19.3%	33.6%	43.9%	Large	7.8%	15.5%	21.2%	Large	11.8%	17.9%	22.8%	
VALUE	Mid	27.7%	36.1%	46.3%	Mid	8.9%	13.7%	20.1%	Mid	12.5%	15.9%	20.5%	SMALL GROWTI
VAX, SF	Small	41.1%	51.0%	58.9%	Small	10.1%	14.9%	19.0%	Small	14.2%	17.9%	21.2%	plug, run, chi

(Value, Index, Growth); Mid: Russell Midcap (Value, Index, Growth); Small: Russell 2000 (Value, Index, Growth). Source: www.ftserussell.com



THE CENTRAL **DIFFERENCE** | GOLD

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THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | WHY GASOLINE WAS CHEAP, LESS SO NOW



Source: J.P. Morgan Asset Management; (Top and bottom left) EIA; (Right) FactSet; (Bottom left) Baker Hughes. *Forecasts are from the February 2021 EIA Short-Term Energy Outlook and start in 2021. **U.S. crude oil inventories include the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR). Active rig count includes both natural gas and oil rigs. WTI crude prices are continuous contract NYM prices in USD. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of February 28, 2021.

J.P.Morgan Asset Management



THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | CRYPTOCURRENCY?

Bitcoi	n USD	_			I	ADD TO WATC	HLIST
	\$ 47,488 • -1,356 -2.78%	< Advanced Charting	All 👻	\$ %			50k
	Last Updated: Mar 2, 2021 11:59 a.m. EST				hum	mon	25k 0k
PREVIOUS CLOS	SE						-25k
\$48,844		Jan 12	Jan 14	Jan 16	Jan 18	Jan 20	
47,424 ●	DAY RANGE	50,200	3,966	5	2 WEEK RANGE	•	57,616

- Uncertainty of what Cryptocurrency is, how it works, and who uses it?
 - Decentralized and encrypted digital currency structured by blockchain technology (digital ledger) – more that 5,000 different cryptocurrencies to choose from.
 - Hedging strategy against fiat currency, behaves like an electronic cash (PayPal currently accepts 4 different cryptocurrencies)
- Up until January of 2017, Bitcoin was under \$1,000 USD with spikes in December of 2017, pullbacks, and then rapid increase around October of 2020
- Some large financial institutions have blockchain units and offer Bitcoin derivatives for clients

*www.marketwatch.com



Coinbase

• Valuation for the largest crypto currency exchange has doubled in less than a month. Coinbase plans to direct list and is currently valued at 78x 2020 sales.

Charlie Bilello @charliebilello · Feb 23 Coinbase Valuation History... Jan 2015 (Series C): \$470 million Aug 2017 (Series D): \$1.6 billion Oct 2018 (Series E): \$8 billion Jan 29 2021 (Secondary Sale): \$54 billion Feb 12 2021 (Secondary Sale): \$77 billion Feb 19 2021 (Secondary Sale): \$100 billion



THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | INTEREST RATES OFF LOWS & INFLATION

Nominal and real 10-year Treasury yields



Source: BLS, FactSet, Federal Reserve, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Real 10-year Treasury yields are calculated as the daily Treasury yield less year-over-year core CPI inflation for that month except for January 2021 where real yields are calculated by subtracting out December 2020 year-over-year core inflation. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of February 28, 2021.





THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | INTEREST RATES OFF LOWS & INFLATION

View by: Highest Yield Me	dian Yield							Po	p out the yiel	ld table 🖄
Understanding This Table	3mo	6mo	9mo	1yr	2yr	Зуг	5yr	10yr	20yr	30yr+
CDs (New Issues)	0.05%	0.05%	0.02%	0.10%	0.15%	0.30%	0.80%	1.75%	-	
BONDS										
U.S. Treasury	0.03%	0.05%	0.07%	0.09%	0.13%	0.28%	0.69%	1.41%	2.09%	2.22%
U.S. Treasury Zeros	-0.04%	-0.00%	0.02%	-0.01%	0.08%	0.22%	0.72%	1.58%	2.22%	2.27%
Agency/GSE	0.10%	0.11%	0.09%	0.13%	0.99%	0.40%	0.89%	1.80%	2.51%	-
Corporate (Aaa/AAA)	-0.43%	0.09%	0.17%	0.23%	0.16%	0.44%	1.50%	1.86%	2.77%	3.42%
Corporate (Aa/AA)	0.16%	0.15%	0.24%	0.23%	0.28%	0.53%	1.17%	2.07%	3.07%	3.99%
Corporate (A/A)	0.35%	0.26%	0.28%	0.43%	0.62%	0.69%	1.41%	2.42%	3.41%	4.09%
Corporate (Baa/BBB)	0.59%	0.48%	0.54%	0.82%	2.37%	2.75%	3.70%	3.68%	4,74%	4.98%
Municipal (Aaa/AAA)	0.35%	0.40%	0.29%	0.38%	0.48%	0.68%	1.04%	1.95%	1.95%	2.47%
Municipal (Aa/AA)	0.38%	0.44%	0.46%	0.40%	0.77%	0.81%	1.27%	2.01%	2.41%	2.58%
Municipal (A/A)	0.47%	0.43%	0.52%	0.45%	0.70%	0.98%	1.45%	2.15%	2.50%	2.35%
Taxable Municipal*	-	-	-	0.28%	0.65%	0.80%	1.27%	2.30%	3.32%	3.64%

*www.fidelity.com



THE CENTRAL **DIFFERENCE** | BOND TOTAL RETURNS

@CharlieBilello		Bond E	TFs: Dur	ations,	Yields	and R	eturns	
Data Source: YCharts as of 2/26/21				Tota	al Retur	ms (>1 `	Year = /	Ann.)
Category	Ticker	Duration (Years)	30-Day SEC Yield	2021 YTD	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year	10-Year
EM High Yield	HYEM	3.2	4.6%	0.4%	6.4%	5.5%	7.9%	N/A
Floating Rate IG	FLOT	0.1	0.2%	0.3%	0.7%	2.0%	2.0%	N/A
Leveraged Loans	BKLN	0.1	2.6%	0.2%	2.8%	2.9%	4.4%	N/A
Short Duration IG	GSY	0.7	0.4%	0.0%	1.5%	2.4%	2.3%	1.6%
1-3 Month Treasury	BIL	0.1	-0.1%	0.0%	0.2%	1.3%	1.0%	0.5%
1-3 Year Treasury	SHY	1.9	0.0%	0.0%	2.0%	2.7%	1.6%	1.2%
US High Yield	HYG	3.6	3.3%	-0.6%	4.7%	5.2%	7.2%	5.2%
Mortgage Backed	MBB	2.0	1.2%	-0.7%	2.0%	4.1%	2.5%	2.7%
Municipal	MUB	6.1	0.8%	-1.2%	1.0%	4.6%	3.1%	4.1%
3-7 Year Treasury	IEI	4.6	0.3%	-1.4%	2.8%	4.7%	2.4%	2.8%
Inflation Protected	TIP	7.8	0.4%	-1.4%	6.5%	5.9%	4.2%	3.4%
Commercial Mortgage	CMBS	5.1	2.1%	-1.6%	2.3%	5.2%	3.7%	N/A
US Aggregate	AGG	5.9	1.2%	-2.3%	2.1%	5.2%	3.5%	3.5%
International	BNDX	8.4	0.2%	-2.3%	-0.2%	4.4%	3.5%	N/A
7-10 Year Treasury	IEF	7.8	0.9%	-3.4%	1.3%	6.1%	2.8%	4.1%
US Investment Grade	LQD	9.6	2.0%	-4.1%	3.4%	7.5%	6.2%	5.6%
EM Local Currency	EMLC	5.1	4.1%	-4.3%	1.2%	-1.1%	4.3%	0.4%
EM Sovereign (USD)	EMB	8.5	3.7%	-4.8%	-1.0%	3.9%	5.4%	5.2%
20+ Year Treasury	TLT	19.1	1.8%	-9.2%	-3.4%	8.9%	4.2%	7.3%
25+ Zeros	ZROZ	27.5	1.7%	-13.6%	-7.6%	11.6%	5.2%	10.6%



THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | RISING RATES





THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | SAVERS VS. BORROWERS



While savers are having a tough time, **borrowers are paying <3% for 30 year mortgages.**

Source: Bankrate.com, BLS, FactSet, Federal Reserve System, J.P. Morgan Asset Management,

*Savings account is based on the national average annual percentage rate (APR) on money market accounts from Bankrate.com from 2010 onward. Prior to 2010, money market yield is based on taxable money market funds return data from the Federal Reserve. Annual income is for illustrative purposes and is calculated based on the average money market yield during each year and \$100,000 invested. Current inflation is based on January 2021 Core CPI, education inflation and medical care inflation. Current savings account is based on the January 2021 national average annual percentage rate (APR) on money market accounts. Past performance is not indicative of comparable future results. Guide to the Markets - U.S. Data are as of February 28, 2021.





Household debt service ratio

Debt payments as % of disposable personal income, SA

Consumer balance sheet

3Q20, trillions of dollars outstanding, not seasonally adjusted



Source: FactSet, FRB, J.P. Morgan Asset Management; (Top and bottom right) BEA.

Data include households and nonprofit organizations. SA – seasonally adjusted. *Revolving includes credit cards. Values may not sum to 100% due to rounding. **4Q20 figures for debt service ratio and household net worth are J.P. Morgan Asset Management estimates. Guide to the Markets – U.S. Data are as of February 28, 2021.





Civilian unemployment rate and year-over-year wage growth for private production and non-supervisory workers Seasonally adjusted, percent



Source: BLS, FactSet, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Guide to the Markets – U.S. Data are as of February 28, 2021.

www.centraltrust.net

J.P.Morgan

Asset Management

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Personal savings rate

Annual, % of gross income



BEWARE THE WEALTH EFFECT

During economic expansions when the value of stocks and homes increase, Americans tend to save less than during recessions. The 2020 Global Pandemic resulted in a record high level of savings.

On average, Americans are saving well below the 10%-15% consistent annual savings rate required to successfully fund retirement.*

*Recommended savings rates are based on J.P. Morgan analysis of median and affluent households.

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, National Bureau of Economic Research, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Personal savings rate is calculated as personal savings (after-tax income minus personal outlays) divided by gross income. Employer and employee contributions to retirement funds are included in after-tax income but not in personal outlays, and thus are implicitly included in personal savings. Savings rate data as of December 31, 2020.





Returns of the S&P 500

Performance of a \$10,000 investment between January 2, 2001 and December 31, 2020



Source: J.P. Morgan Asset Management analysis using data from Bloomberg. Returns are based on the S&P 500 Total Return Index, an unmanaged, capitalization-weighted index that measures the performance of 500 large capitalization domestic stocks representing all major industries. Indices do not include fees or operating expenses and are not available for actual investment. The hypothetical performance calculations are shown for illustrative purposes only and are not meant to be representative of actual results while investing over the time periods shown. The hypothetical performance calculations are shown gross of fees. If fees were included, returns would be lower. Hypothetical performance returns reflect the reinvestment of all dividends. The hypothetical performance results have certain inherent limitations. Unlike an actual performance record, they do not reflect actual trading, liquidity constraints, fees and other costs. Also, since the trades have not actually been executed, the results may have under- or overcompensated for the impact of certain market factors such as lack of liquidity. Simulated trading programs in general are also subject to the fact that they are designed with the benefit of hindsight. Returns will fluctuate and an investment upon redemption may be worth more or less than its original value. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. An individual cannot invest directly in an index. Data as of December 31, 2020.





PLAN TO STAY INVESTED

Losses hurt more than gains feel good. Market lows can result in emotional decision making. Taking "control" by selling out of the market after the worst days is likely to result in missing the best days that follow. Investing for the long term in a well-diversified portfolio can result in a better retirement outcome.





S&P Case-Shiller US National Home Price Index

(YoY % Change) 15.00% 10.8% 10.4% 10.00% 6.5% 5.00% 4.3% 3.1% 0.00% -5.00% -10.00% COMPOUND @CharlieBilello -12.7% -15.00% May-10 Dec-10 Jul-11 Feb-12 Sep-12 Jun-14 Jun-14 Jun-15 May-17 Dec-17 Sep-19 Sep-19 Nov-20 Nov-20 Mar-09 0ct-09 an-08 Nug-08 lun-07



THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | LATEST EMPLOYMENT REPORT



Central Trust Company

Investment Management

Construction & Management of Customized Plan

Trust Services

- Trustee or Co-Trustee
- Settlement Services

Retirement Services

Qualified Plan Management & Administration



THE CENTRAL **DIFFERENCE** | WHO IS CENTRAL TRUST?

Fiduciary NOT a Broker-dealer

- What's a fiduciary? We are legally obligated to act in your best interest
- How is this different from a Broker-dealer? 'Suitability Standard'

Objective Advice

- Fee-only = clients pay a flat fee calculated as % of AUM
- No proprietary funds, investments, or remuneration of any kind

Quality of Care

- Accessible = Our teams have roughly 100 clients at a time vs. a broker-dealer who has nearly 5x that amount
- Specialized = Team of experts
- Willingness to link accounts to achieve fee breaks
- Customization = Decisions based on YOUR goals including objectives, risk tolerance, time horizon, & needs

Local Decisions

• Locally owned and able to make fast, local decisions = faster response time, more accommodating to our clients

Safe, Secure, & Stable

- Well-capitalized & recognized + backed by Central Bancompany + high employee retention
- Corporate Trustee has the ability to serve for generations, providing *continuity of care*
- Corporate Trustee has numerous specialized professionals who can provide an array of services professional investment management, business advice, tax-planning expertise and accounting services that an individual trustees may not be capable of providing (or can do so only at a higher cost)



THE CENTRAL **DIFFERENCE** | WHO IS CENTRAL TRUST?

- Solid team of trusted advisors assigned to you to execute your wealth planning needs - why have one person when you can have a team?
- Over **115 employees** including Attorneys, CFPs, CFAs, CPAs & Trust Advisors
- **Manages over \$7 Billion in client assets** including individual investment portfolios, trusts, IRAs, corporations, retirement plans, and endowments
- Fee-only
 - Fees are calculated as a percent of account market value
 - No other fees or commissions

Part of Central Bancompany

- Jefferson City based, \$14 Billion in assets, 13 affiliate banks
- Safety of the trust, fiduciary, and custodial assets does not depend on the financial health of the bank but rather, property held in these accounts belongs to the owners of the accounts and would be unaffected by bank failure



THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | PROFESSIONAL DESIGNATIONS

ADMINISTRATION

Certified Trust and Financial Advisor (CTFA)	18
Master of Business Administration (MBA)	16
Certified IRA Services Professional (CISP)	3
Certified Wealth Strategist (CWS®)	1
Doctor of Business Administration (DBA)	1
Master of Arts Speech Communication (MA)	1

COMPLIANCE

Certified Fiduciary & Investment Risk Specialist (CFIRS) 3

FINANCIAL PLANNING

Certified Financial Planner™ Professional (CFP®) Master Planner Advanced Studies sm (MPAS®)	12 1
LAW	
Juris Doctorate (JD)	16

INVESTMENTS

Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA)	5
Accredited Wealth Management Advisor (AWMA)	4
Accredited Investment Fiduciary Manager (AFIM)	2
Chartered Alternative Investment Analyst (CAIA)	2
Certified Investment Management Analyst (CIMA®)	2
Accredited Investment Fiduciary Analyst (AIFA)	1
Accredited Portfolio Management Advisor (APMA)	1
Certificate in Investment Performance Measurement (CIPM)	1
Chartered Market Technician (CMT)	1
Chartered Mutual Fund Counselor (CMFC)	1
Financial Risk Manager (FRM)	1
Master of Science in Finance (MSF)	1

OPERATIONS

Certified Securities Operations Professional (CSOP)	3
TAXATION	
Certified Public Accountant (CPA) Master of Laws in Taxation (LLM) Master of Accountancy (MAcc)	3 1 1



THE CENTRAL DIFFERENCE | OUR CLIENTS ARE ALWAYS OUR PRIORITY

Central Trust Company

Let us know how we can help!



QUESTIONS?



Evan Sowers, MBA Executive Vice President & St. Louis Market Executive

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Andrew Rzonca Wealth Management Advisor

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